

# **Chesham and Villages Community Board 2021**

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Chiltern & South Bucks Policing Area

## Current Policing 'Landscape'

- Residential Burglary: -55.5% year to date, -47.1% rolling 12 months
- Serious Violence, including knife crime: -47% year to date and -40% rolling 12 months
- Personal Robbery: -30.8% year to date, -28.8% rolling 12 months

However...

- Harassment: 53.5% year on year
  - Public Disorder: 88.2% year on year
  - Sexual Offences: 10.7% year on year
  - Trafficking of Drugs: 28.6% year on year
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- But, only 1 in 5 calls to police are to report a crime. Concerns for a person's welfare, reports of missing persons, trespass, highway obstructions, noise nuisance and neighbourly disputes are just some examples of this 'hidden' demand on police resource.

**THAMES VALLEY  
POLICE OPERATING MODEL**

**NO FURTHER ACTION**



**DEMAND**

**SPECIALISMS**

Collaboratively or Force owned resources dealing with serious and high risk crime e.g. Major Crime, JOU, DAU and CAIU.

**PARTNERSHIPS**

**CR&ED**

**RESPONSE**

Attend emergency incidents following borderless principles as tasked by the control room  
Officers in this team will not take OIC responsibility for any crimes.

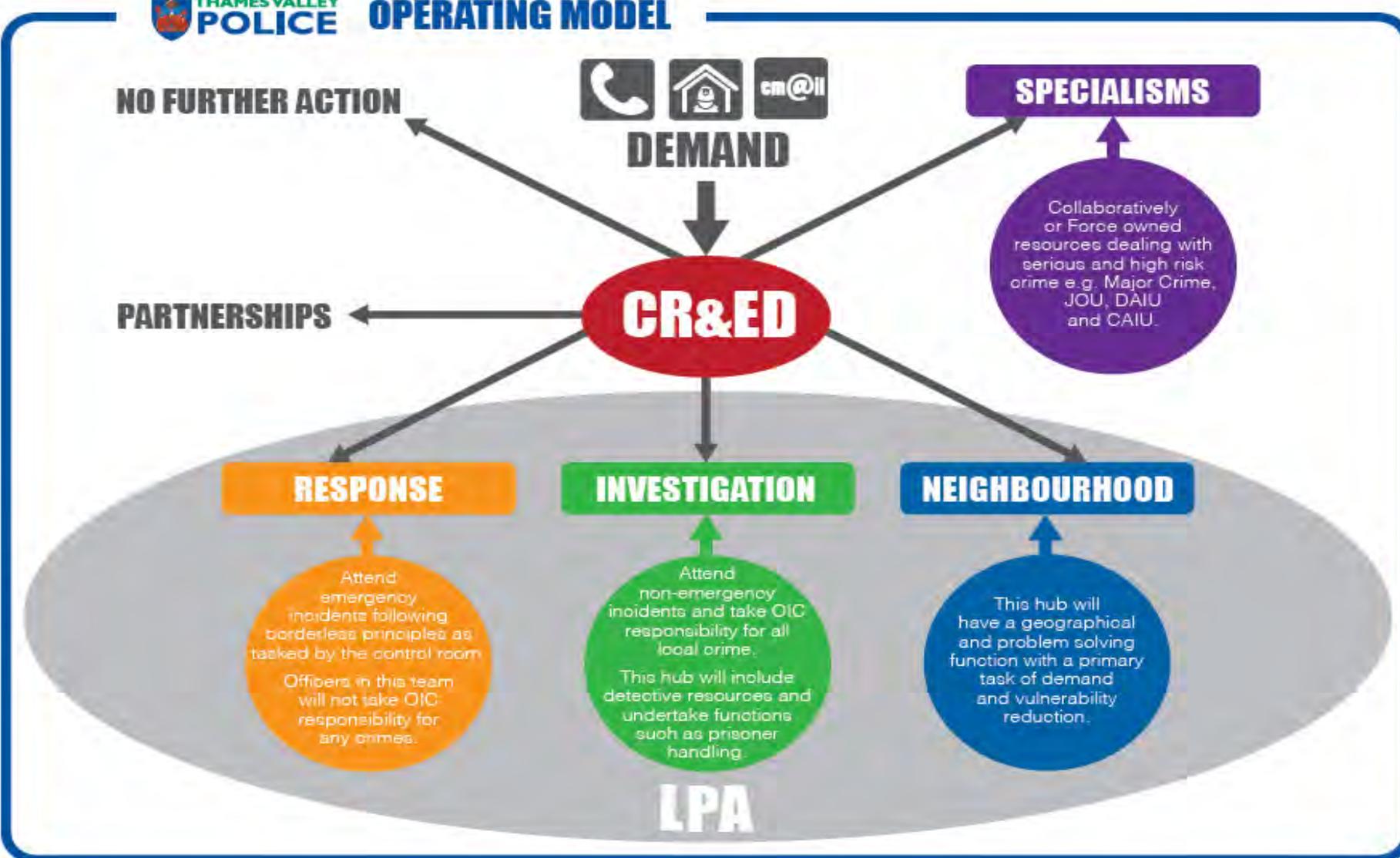
**INVESTIGATION**

Attend non-emergency incidents and take OIC responsibility for all local crime.  
This hub will include detective resources and undertake functions such as prisoner handling.

**NEIGHBOURHOOD**

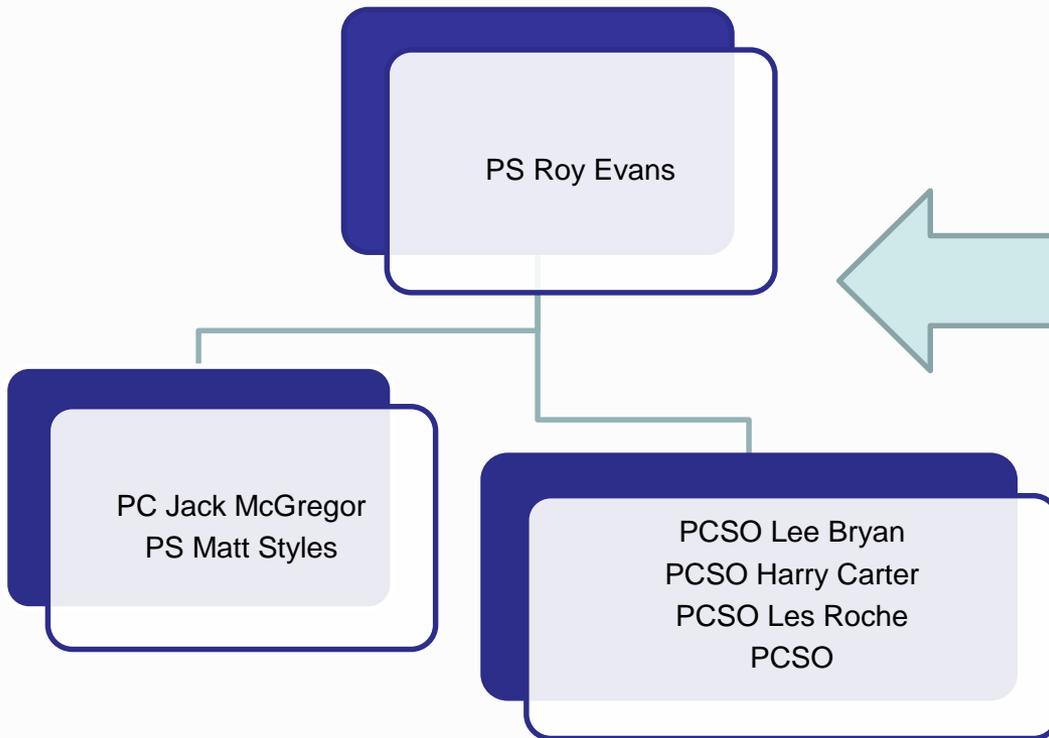
This hub will have a geographical and problem solving function with a primary task of demand and vulnerability reduction.

**LPA**

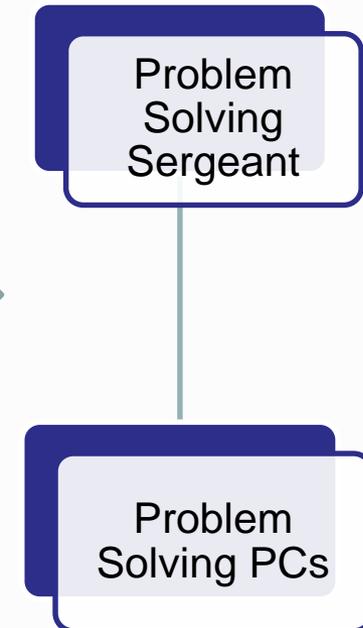


# Chesham Policing Team

## Geographic



## Problem Solving



## Community Boards and the Police

- ❑ The **Buckinghamshire Council** organises the online voting process for **Neighbourhood Priorities**, which are then captured within local **Patrol Plans**; directing Neighbourhood officers to what their daily business should include. Each day on-duty, officers record their contribution, and often provide a real-time update to communities through our social media accounts.
- ❑ **Quarterly Updates** are produced by each Neighbourhood team; drawing from the data collected in the monthly **Patrol Plans**. Much like a shareholder's report, they seek to inform communities (and their Community Boards) of local offending behaviour and progress relevant to the Neighbourhood Priorities.
- ❑ **Community Board** Chairs and Coordinators can contact their respective **Neighbourhood Sergeants**, to discuss specific concerns raised by residents, this can include securing police attendance at a Community Board meeting, to discuss the issue.
- ❑ The **Policing Issues Panel** is held every 4 months and is independently chaired, and comprises of representatives from all **Community Boards**; providing an interface with **Neighbourhood Inspectors**, and a platform to discuss strategic policing topics. The panel will agree the 3 issues the neighbourhood teams will focus on when able to over the following 4 months
- ❑ **Community Boards** can support policing objectives through **Community Resilience**; forming groups, such as **Community Speed Watch, Neighbourhood Watch, Shop Watch, Pub Watch, and Rural Spotters**. Alternatively, they can organise special events which seek to inform and protect those who are vulnerable to particular crimes, such as Cyber-crime, Hate Crime, or Domestic Abuse. With the allocation of Local Authority funds, **Community Boards** might also consider development of public facilities, such as improved **street lighting, CCTV or ANPR**.
- ❑ Greater diversity within **Community Board** membership can not only provide a better understanding of local issues, but also offers prospective members for the **Independent Advisory Group**; serving as consultants for the local Area Commander on real-time policing incidents, which might impact the communities.